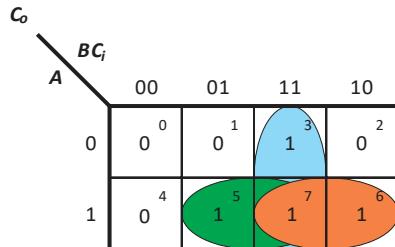


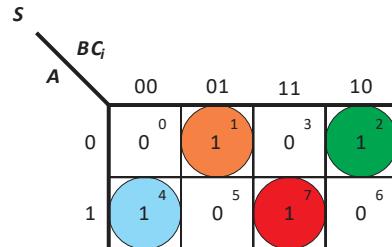
FIGURE 3.21.1 Binary Full-Adder

| Addend <i>A</i> | Augend <i>B</i> | Carry-In <i>C_i</i> | Carry-Out <i>C_o</i> | Sum <i>S</i> |
|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

FIGURE 3.21 (a) Truth Table for a Full-Adder



$$C_o = AB + AC_i + BC_i$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 S &= A'B'C_i + A'BC'_i + ABC_i + AB'C'_i \\
 S &= A'B'C_i + ABC_i + A'BC'_i + AB'C'_i \\
 S &= (A'B' + AB)C_i + (A'B + AB')C'_i \\
 S &= (\overline{A \oplus B})C_i + (A \oplus B)C'_i \\
 \text{Let } Z &= A \oplus B \\
 S &= Z'C_i + ZC'_i \\
 S &= Z \oplus C_i \\
 S &= A \oplus B \oplus C_i
 \end{aligned}$$

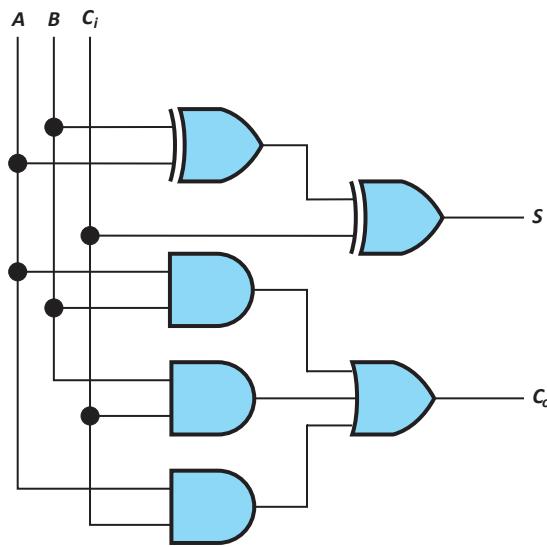
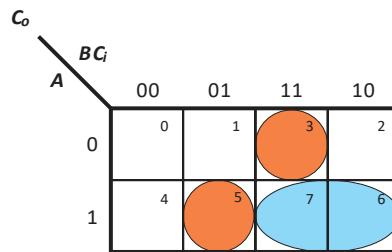


FIGURE 3.21.2 Binary Full-Adder Logic Diagram



$$C_o = AB + AC_i + BC_i$$

$$C_o = AB + (A \oplus B)C_i$$

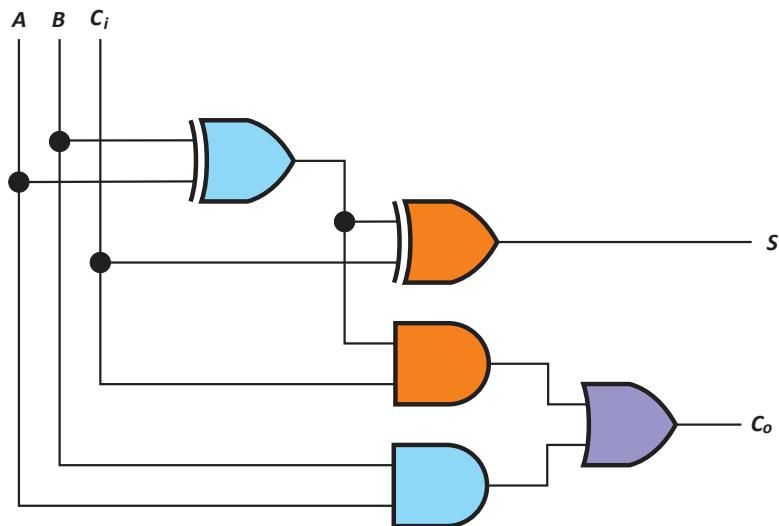


FIGURE 3.21 (b) Logic Diagram for a Full Adder
Constructed from two Half-Adders